# BUILDING A FUN AND CRESS B DORT PROGRAM

#COACHTOOLKIT

## STATISTICS

of the Canadian population aged 15 years or older (3.8 million people) reported having a disability that limits them in daily activities. (Statistics Canada, 2017)

Most common types of disabilities are related to:

**3.** / 90 | /.090

(Statistics Canada, 2017)

# MISCONCEPTION

Coaching an athlete with a disability requires highly specialized skills, knowledge, or training.

### TYPES OF DISABILITIES



#### PHYSICAL DISABILITY

Affects a person's mobility and range of motion



#### SENSORY IMPAIRMENT Encompasses visual, hearing, and multisensory impairment



#### BEHAVIORAL DISABILITY Affects a person's ability to create, maintain

interpersonal relationships LEARNING DISABILITY



#### Affects a person's ability to understand written or spoken language

INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY Affects a person's ability to think, and problem-solve

### 8 AREAS TO CONSIDER WHEN PLANNING AN ACTIVITY **(ADAPTIVE TECHNIQUE)**

A bility: Adjust skills tasks to match athletes' interests and abilities

- **Difficulty:** Adapt the activity if it is too easy or too difficult
- **Area:** Select a playing area that allows for equal participation.
- Think size and shape. **Participants:** Change the number of athletes involved as need. Consider smaller groups or pairings.
- Time: Adjust game time to allow for sufficient rest.
- 6 **Inclusion:** Change practice structure or coaching methods to meet your athletes' needs.
- **Variability:** Allow opportunities for different movements and activities 8 **Equipment:** Consider equipment size, shape, texture and weight

Remember: No two athletes are alike and every athlete, with a

disability or without, should be coached to their individual needs. THE NCCP COACHING ATHLE

WITH A DISABILITY
TO LEARN MORE!

